Storm Desmond Flood December 2015







What was Storm Desmond?



© <u>Accuweather</u>

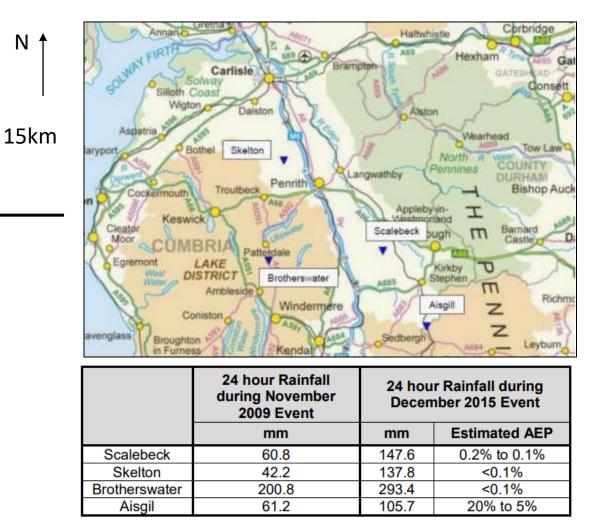
- Storm Desmond was the 4th named storm to affect the UK and Ireland during the winter of 2015/16.
- The storm brought a period of prolonged and intense rainfall to Northern England.
- Falling on already saturated ground, the storm resulted in widespread flooding across the region.

Click the link to view a Met Office video showing the track of Strom Desmond <u>https://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/warnings-and-</u> <u>advice/uk-storm-centre/storm-desmond</u>





Broken rainfall records



Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) – see next slide

- December 2015 was the wettest month on record in the UK. It followed a very wet November.
- Between the 4th and 7th December, Cumbria recorded record rainfall totals for both 24hour and 48-hour periods.

| | Previous record November 2009 | | Current Record December 2015 | |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|
| | Location | mm | Location | mm |
| 24 hour rainfall | Seathwaite | 316.4 | Honister Pass | 341.4 |
| 48 hour rainfall | Seathwaite | 395.6 | Thirlmere | 405 |



Source: Cumbria County Council

Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP)

- The Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) describes the likelihood of a specified flow of water being exceeded in a given year.
- An event likely to occur once every 10 years has an AEP of 0.1 (or 10%). A more serious event (once in 100 years) will have an AEP of 0.01 (1%).
- The 2015 event at Low Crosby was estimated to be an AEP of 0.006 (0.6%)... a magnitude of once in 167 years!

| AEP (as percent) | AEP (as probability) |
|------------------|----------------------|
| 50% | 0.5 |
| 20% | 0.2 |
| 10% | 0.1 |
| 4% | 0.04 |
| 2% | 0.02 |
| 1% | 0.01 |
| 0.1% | 0.001 |

Source: Cumbria County Council





What were the impacts of Storm Desmond?



Source: Environment Agency

- The flooding at Low Crosby on the 5th and 6th December 2015 as a result of Storm Desmond, was unprecedented.
- The flow of the River Eden towards Carlisle on the 6th December was the highest ever.
- Flood levels reached 0.6m higher than the previous record set in January 2005.





Flooding of the Eden Valley, 2015



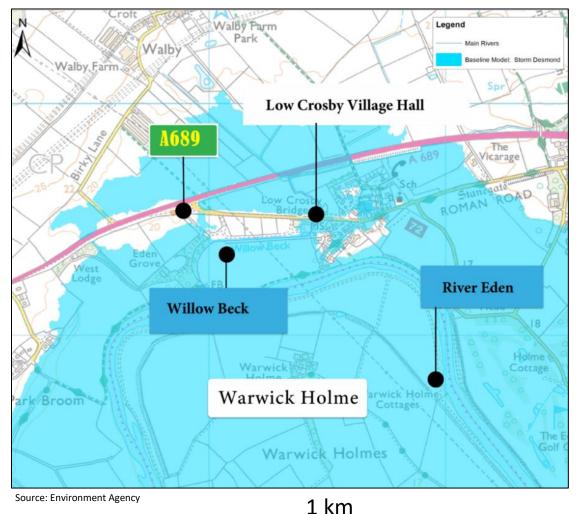
This aerial photo shows the extensive flooding of the River Eden valley. The blue line shows the normal course of the river. Locate Low Crosby – notice that it is surrounded by water.

Source: Environment Agency





Flood extent at Low Crosby, 2015



- This map shows the maximum extent of flooding at Low Crosby in 2015.
- Locate the course of the River Eden and Willow Beck.
- As the River Eden rose, it flowed up the course of the Willow Beck entering the western side of the village.
- Additionally, the Willow Beck was unable to discharge water into the River Eden.



What were the effects of flooding at Low Crosby?



Source: Cumbria County Counci

- Approximately 60 properties experienced internal flooding.
- Nearby rural properties were also flooded (e.g. Warwick Holmes and Newby Grange).
- Large areas of agricultural land were flooded, for example, at Warwick Holmes.
- Sections of road became impassable including the A689.





What were the existing flood defences?

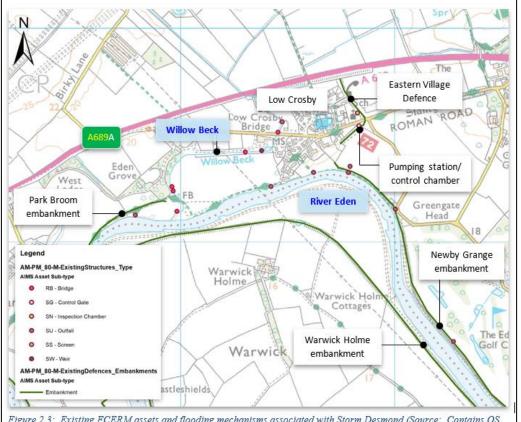


Figure 2.3: Existing FCERM assets and flooding mechanisms associated with Storm Desmond (Source: Contains OS data © Crown copyright and database right (2021). Derived from Environment Agency Asset Information Management System (AIMS) data (2016).

Source: Environment Agency

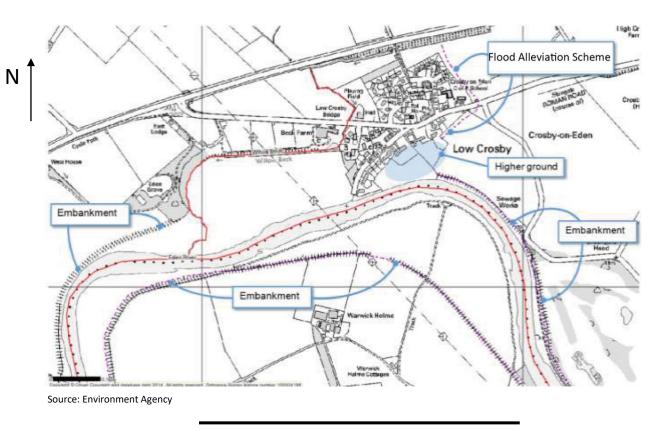
1 km

- In 2009-11, the Eastern village defence embankment was completed. This was in response to the flooding in 2005. The cost of the embankment was around £830,000.
- At the time, a cost-benefit analysis did not favour additional defences for the village.
- Elsewhere, long standing embankments at Park Broom, Warwick Holme and Newby Grange offered some protection.





Eastern village defence embankment



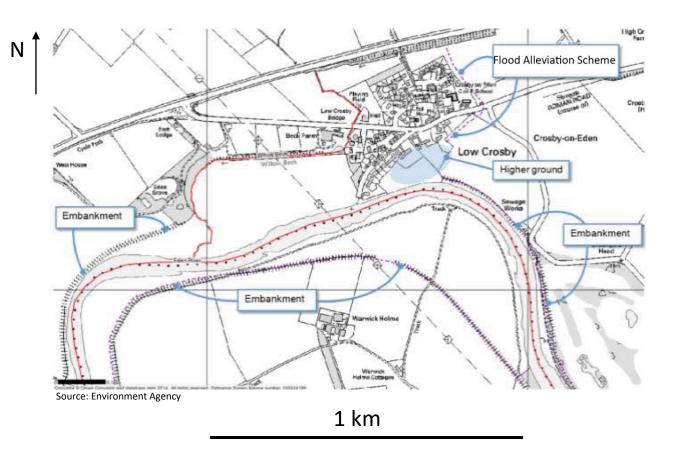
¹ km

- The flood embankment to the east of Low Crosby was constructed in 2009-11. The 380m raised embankment is typically 1.5m high.
- The defence includes an area of raised road and a chamber to accommodate a water pump.
- The scheme ties in with raised ground to the south (see map) and the A689 road embankment to the north.
- The scheme was designed to provide protection from a flood event up to 1% AEP (1 in 100 year event).





Additional defence embankments



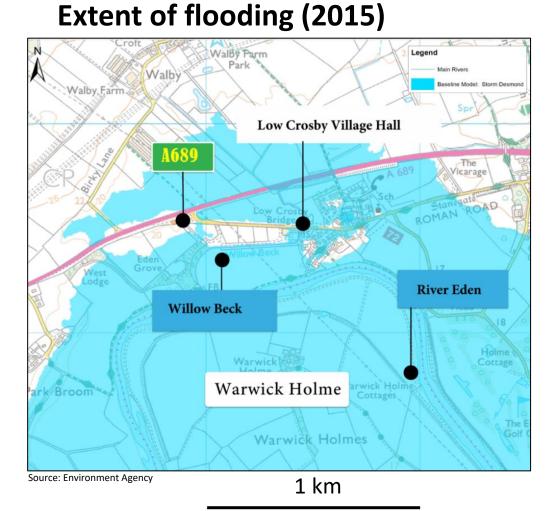
There are three lengths of long standing embankments:

- North-bank embankment upstream of Low Crosby offers some protection to a golf course and scattered houses (10% AEP).
- 2. South-bank Warwick Holmes embankment helps to protect farmland and some farm properties.
- North-bank embankment downstream of Low Crosby provides low level protection to Hadrian's Wall Footpath.

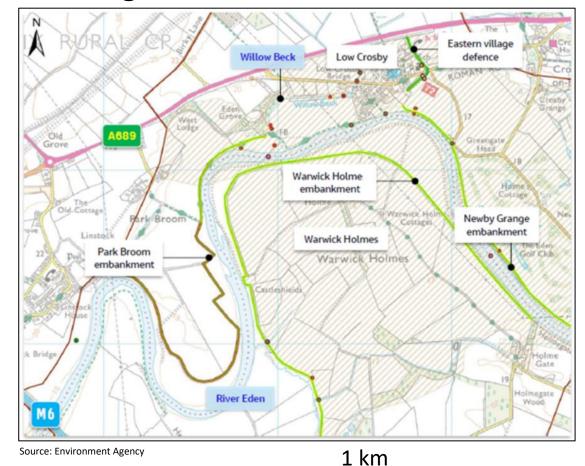




How did the existing defences cope in 2015?



Existing flood defences



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Did the flood defences fail?



Source: Environment Agency

- The existing flood embankments were overtopped by the 2015 flood.
- The 2009-11 Eastern village defence was constructed to protect against a 1% AEP event. The 2015 was a rarer (0.6%) event of higher magnitude.
- The lack of western defences exposed the weakness of the existing flood defences, with water entering the village from the west via Willow Beck.
- Existing defences did not 'fail'; they were not constructed to protect against such a rare event.





What lessons were learnt?



Source: Environment Agency

- The level of flood protection of 1% AEP (1 in 100 years) may not be enough in some locations as climate change causes more extreme weather events.
- Alternative measures of flood defence – such as flood storage and natural flood management – may need to be considered alongside hard engineering options such as embankments.



